

...... Risk-free rate on 31 December 2019 (8.25%)



## **Financial Markets**

Platforms where institutions that need capital meet investors. Investors compete in an auction-like fashion for opportunities

## **Return & Risk**



Investors seek investments at a price which will provide the best growth. Growth is only one facet of an investment - one should also consider risk

## **Types of Investment**

Institutions seeking capital decide on the type of investment they would like to attract



### Equities

Share in ownership of the company **Risk:** Investor carries the ultimate risk as this is an investment in the company's shares



Governement/companies borrowing money **Risk:** Lower risk profile than buying shares in a company as the investor would normally look at credit credentials and be protected by the balance sheet of the institution



#### **Properties**

Investment in property infrastructure **Risk:** Relates to the income stream (rent) the property earns (normally spread across multiple tenants)

## Pricing of Investment opportunities

An investment portfolio includes **different types of investments**. Different variables (from the broad economic and political environment as well as the investment opportunity) influence valuation of investments. Different investors bid for an investment with different price levels in mind based on their models. Different assumptions and movement in variables introduces **volatility** (movement in market prices).

# Decision Making



The risk-return graph reflects a comparison between different investment portfolios. The **more risk** is taken (horizontal axis) the **more return** is expected (vertical axis). Higher risk investments need a longer time horizon to realize expected returns.

In comparing different investments one should compare growth and risk.



The risk return graph provides a powerful **comparison between different investment solutions**, incorporating the impact of the factors discussed above.